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Windsor, August 6.

THE following Addresses have been presented to the Queen, congratulating Her Majesty on the Glorious Victory obtain'd over the *French* near *Audenarde*, by the Forces of Her Majesty and Her Allies, commanded by his Grace the Duke of *Marlborough*.

The humble Address of the Lord Mayor, and the rest of her Majesty's Commissioners of Lieutenancy for the City of *London*.

The humble Address of the Lord Mayor and Commonalty of the City of *York*; presented to her Majesty by the Rt. Hon. Mr. Secretary *Boyle*, Lord-Lieutenant of the West-Riding of the County of *York*, and of the City of *York*, and County of the same.

The humble Address of the two Grand-Juries, Justices of the Peace, Gentlemen and Clergy of the County of *Suffolk*, at the Assizes held for the said County the 22d Day of *July*, in the Year of our Lord 1708; sent up by Sir *Thomas Hanmer* and Sir *Robert Davers*, their Representatives in Parliament; and presented to her Majesty by his Grace the Duke of *Grafton*, Lord-Lieutenant of the said County.

The humble Address of the High-Sheriff, Grand-Jury, Justices of the Peace, Deputy-Lieutenants, Gentlemen, and other the Freeholders of the County of *Monmouth*, met at the Assizes held for the said County the 22d Day of *July*, 1708; presented to her Majesty by the Earl of *Pembroke*, Lord-Lieutenant of *Ireland*.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Jurats and Freemen, and others the Inhabitants of the Town and Port of *Hasting*, in the County of *Sussex*.

All which Addresses Her Majesty receiv'd very graciously.

Berne, August 4. *N. S.* The Diet of Baden is still employ'd in the Affair of Tokenbourg, but the Roman Catholick Cantons discover so great an Inclination for the Abbot of St. Gall, that it is fear'd the Session will end without coming to an Agreement in this Matter. Letters from Savoy say, that his Royal Highness set out from Turin on the 16th of July, to place himself at the head of his Army near Susa. Two Days after he march'd to Novalese, and on the 19th encamp'd upon Mount Cenis. On the 20th his Royal Highness receiv'd Intelligence, that the Enemy had broke down the Bridge on the River Arc, and retir'd to Modane, where Monsieur de Medavi was posted with 11 Battalions. The Duke commanded another Bridge to be built over the Arc, which he pass'd; and on the 21st halted at Lannebourg, where he was join'd by General Thaun with the Ammunition and Baggage. On the 22d the Army march'd to Ossois, where his Royal Highness receiv'd Advice, That the French had abandon'd Modane. A Detachment was immediately made to take Possession of that Post, which was perform'd; and the next Day the whole Army mov'd thither, continuing their March to St. Jean de Morienne. At the Approach of his Royal Highness the French retir'd out of Savoy, part towards the Country of Gex, and part towards Fort Barraux. General Schulemberg, who pass'd through the Tarentaise to join his Royal Highness, made the Regiment of Durfort Prisoners of War on his March, and routed another Party, in which were kill'd the Lieutenant-Colonel and 60 Men of the Regiment of Bretagne. The Militia of Bugey and Valromey were posted along the Rhone, and those of the Country of Gex were order'd to be in a Readiness at the first Alarm. Two Battalions of Foot, and two Regiments of Horse, have Orders to march into Seissel. They write from Lyons, that Lieutenant-General Dillon and Monsieur St. Pater arriv'd there on the 25th, and the next Day review'd the Town, and the Militia of 35 Parishes in the Belle-Cour. They design to take a more particular account of the Strength of the Militia in those Parts, on the Plain of St. Flon, where all Men who are capable, are to appear under Arms. They have order'd a Line to be made from the Rhone to the Saone. Those Letters add, That when the Duke of Savoy approach'd toward Chambery, the Marshal de Villars mov'd with his main Body, and plac'd himself under the Cannon of Fort Barraux, to defend that Place, against which it was thought his Royal Highness had form'd a Design: But that the Duke suddenly fac'd another Way, and march'd towards Exilles. Letters from Geneva add, That his Royal Highness having forc'd the Passes of Bardonnache, Oulx and Sesane, had enter'd the Valley of Briançon, by which means the Marshal de Villars is cut off from Exilles, Fenestrelles, La Perouse, and Briançon. Letters from Genoa of the 29th past say an Express was arriv'd there in 9 Days from Barcelona, giving an Account, that the Queen of Spain arriv'd there on the 19th of the last Month, having been separated from Sir John Leake's Fleet, and that her Majesty landed the next Day. The Frigat that brought this Express, saw the rest of our Fleet off of Minorca, making to Barcelona with a fair Wind.

From the Camp at Helchin, August 13. *N. S.* The 11th at Noon his Grace the Duke of Marlborough had notice from Prince Eugene, That our heavy Cannon had pass'd the Schelde at the Bridges laid over for that purpose at Pottes, and was encamp'd near this Place; whereupon the Prince of Frise was immediately detach'd with 31 Battalions of Foot, to take Post at Pont à Marquette upon the lower Deule; and Lieutenant-General Wood march'd, at the same time, with 34 Squadrons of Horse to Rollegem. Yesterday Morning our Army march'd from Wervick, and came to this Camp, where his Grace the Duke of Marlborough met the Prince of Savoy, whose Army was already march'd towards Templeuve; after some Conference with his Grace, the Prince follow'd, and was join'd there by the Detachment of Horse under the Command of Lieutenant-General Wood. Our Cannon march'd at the same time from hence to Menin, where they will have the Advantage of the Causey to proceed to Lisle, when the Prince of Savoy shall think fit to send for them. This Day his Highness pass'd the Marque at Pont à Tresin, and invested the Town of Lisle, between that River and the Upper Deule; the Prince of Frise doing the like at the same time with his Detachment between the Upper and Lower Deule, by which means the Place is now invested on all sides. 1500 of our Horse were order'd this Morning to Templeuve, and 1200 Foot to Pont à Chin on the Schelde, to observe any Motions the Enemy might make from Tournay, while our Troops were taking Post before Lisle, and the Army took the Opportunity of making a very good Forage under this Escorte. The several Detachments which were sent from our Army to reinforce that of Prince Eugene, for the Security of the Train, rejoin'd us Yesterday on our March; and Brigadier Chanclos is return'd, with the 10 Squadrons under his Command, to Audenarde. The Army under the Command of the Duke of Burgundy continues near Ghent; but that of the Duke of Berwick being come to Mortagne on the Schelde, 'tis thought the former will soon move in order to their Junction; in the mean time his Grace the Duke of Marlborough will continue in this Camp, to be ready to march towards him, or to reinforce the Siege as there may be Occasion.

Hague, August 14. *N. S.* This Day the Queen of Portugal arriv'd at Rotterdam; her Majesty was receiv'd at Fort Schenk by three Deputies from the States-General. 2000 Imperial Horse and Hussars have pass'd the Meuse at Ruremond, in order to join Prince Eugene's Army. Advices from the Upper Rhine say, that the Elector of Hanover was still encamp'd at Mulhberg, and Count Merci lyes between Willinghen and Friburg. The Duke of Bavaria had detach'd eight Regiments to observe that Count, and has been oblig'd to make another Detachment for the Service in Dauphiné. Letters from Geneva and Paris agree, that the Duke of Savoy having made a Feint of attacking Fort Barraux, had suddenly turn'd towards Exilles, and gain'd all the Passages towards Briançon.

From on Board the Humber *in the Bay of* Estaples, August 5. General Earle having review'd, in the Isle of Wight, the Regiments of Foot, commanded Brigadier Livesay, Major-General Farrington, Colonel Hamilton, Colonel Dotmer, Colonel Johnson, Colonel Moor, Colonel Caulfield, Colonel Townsend, and Brigadier Wynne, order'd them to be embark'd on Board the Men of War and Transports that lay at Spithead. At the same time the two Regiments of Dragoons of Brigadier Carpenter, and the Earl of Essex, were commanded to march, and embark at Dover, the Transports design'd for the Cavalry being detain'd by contrary Winds in the Downs. When the Forces were on Board, the Fleet under the Command of Sir George Bing sail'd from Spithead about Noon, on Tuesday the 27th of the last Month, and on the 28th at Night came to an Anchor off of Deal. A disposition was made for the ease of the Soldiers, and preservation of their Health, to remove them out of the Men of War, where they were very much crowded, into the Transports that were found in the Downs; after which it was thought proper to stand over with the Fleet to the Coast of Picardy; as well to alarm and amuse the Enemy there, as to be the more in readiness to execute any Orders that should be sent for proceeding elsewhere, on the Coast of France. On the 30th the Boats of the Fleet were order'd to carry the Men to the Transports assign'd them; but the Wind blowing very hard, that Service could not be perform'd 'till the next Day. On the 1st of August the Fleet set Sail again, and came to an Anchor the next Day about Noon in the Bay of Boulogne. The 2d it was thought fit to make a feint of Landing the Troops in that Bay near the Point of Boulogne, and accordingly, upon Signals agreed on, the Launches and other Boats of the Fleet were order'd to Rendezvous at two of the Clock the next Morning with a Detachment of the Forces. About four of the Clock they stood in

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